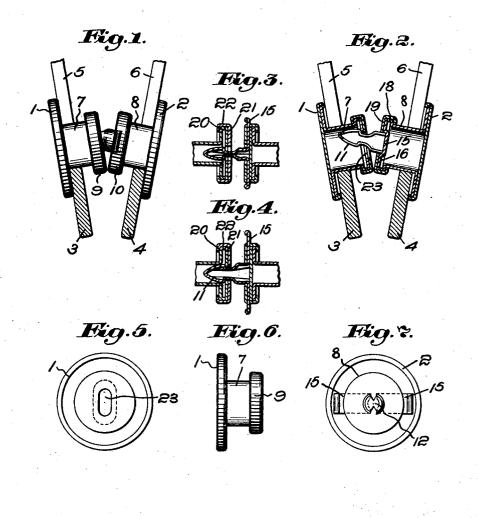
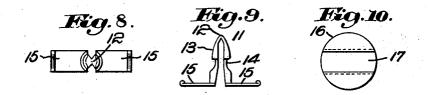
C. D. LYONS. CUFF BUTTON. APPLICATION FILED FEB. 14, 1919.

1,388,522.

Patented Aug. 23, 1921.





Inventor: Charles D. Liyons, by huy book farmer farmer Attigs

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES D. LYONS, OF MANSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS.

CUFF-BUTTON.

1,388,522.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 23, 1921.

Application filed February 14, 1919. Serial No. 277,054.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Charles D. Lyons, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Mansfield, in the county of Bristol and State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Cuff-Buttons, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like characters on the drawings representing

10 like parts.

This invention relates to cuff buttons and more particularly to cuff buttons of the separable self-retaining type wherein there are employed a pair of independent button 15 members adapted to be retained one in each of the two buttonholes of the cuff and having means for connecting or disconnecting the same at will.

The invention will be best understood by 20 reference to the following description when taken in connection with the accompanying illustration showing several specific embodiments thereof, while its scope will be more particularly pointed out in the appended 25 claim.

In the drawings:

Figure 1 shows a cuff button in end elevation holding together the two edges of a cuff;

Fig. 2 is a sectional elevation of the same; Fig. 3 is a partial sectional elevation taken through a plane at right angles to the plane of Fig. 2, and showing the connection between the two separable button members, the parts being shown in a compressed posi-35 tion suitable for detachment;

Fig. 4 is a view similar to Fig. 3 showing the parts in their normal or expanded relation, one member attached to the other;

Fig. 5 is a plan view of the socket-carry-40 ing member looking toward the inner head; Fig. 6 is a side elevation thereof:

Fig. 7 is a plan view of the link-carrying member looking toward the head;

Fig. 8 is a plan view of the part which 45 constitutes the link;

Fig. 9 is a side elevation of the same; and Fig. 10 is a plan view of the box or seat in which the link member is mounted.

Referring to the drawings and to the em-50 bodiment of the invention therein illustrated, I have shown a separable cuff link button comprising independent button members having main front or outer heads 1 and therethrough of the link member 11. 2 respectively. These outer heads are ordi-

55 narily provided with ornamented faces exposed at the outside of the respective cuff

edges 3 and 4, the buttonholes of which are shown at 5 and 6. The button members are provided with shanks 7 and 8 designed to pass through the buttonholes and terminat- 60 ing in lateral flanges or enlargements 9 and 10, each flange being of a size adapted to be inserted through the buttonhole of the cuff edge, but to be there retained in the cuff. Each button member is thus self-retaining, 65 being capable of being held in its respective buttonhole independently of the other button member, whether said members are connected (as shown) or disconnected (as they may be). Preferably the inner flanged 70 heads are of substantially similar size and shape, and preferably, though not necessarily, the inner heads are of a lesser width or diameter than the two outer front heads 1 and 2.

To detachably secure the two button members together, the inner flange 10 of one member is provided with a projecting coupling member or link 11 which projects axially and longitudinally beyond the flange 80 and is permanently carried thereby. The link (see Figs. 8 and 9) may be formed, as shown, of a metallic strip, the two ends of which are bent back about a centrally reduced tip 12 presenting the head 13 and the 85 shouldered or reduced portion 14 and provided with out-turned feet 15 bent at right angles to the main body of the link. The link is constructed of resilient material and is so shaped that, when assembled in the but- 90 ton, it may be compressed under suitable pressure to assume the position shown in Fig. 3 or allowed to expand to its natural or normal position, as shown in Fig. 4.

To support the link in the button member, 95 a box is provided consisting (see Fig. 10) of a flat disk 16 having a channel or depression 17 extending across its face and adapted to receive the feet 15 of the link member. The disk 16 rests against the circular edge of the 100 shank 8 which latter is formed at its inner extremity into a circular head having a cupshaped portion 18. The disk 16 is held between the edge of the cup-shaped portion 18 and a shoe 19, which latter covers the inner 105 face of the button head and has its edge rolled in under the circular head 18, being centrally perforated to permit the projection rolled-over edges of the shoe have diametri- 110 cally opposite openings through which the feet 15 of the link member project for a suit-

able distance to permit the user of the button to press them inwardly by squeezing or pinching them between the thumb and forefinger, thereby to compress the link member 5 from the shape shown in Fig. 4 to that shown

in Fig. 3.

shank 8, presenting a circular cup-shaped 10 head 20 against which rests a plate 21 held in place by the shoe 22, the plate and the shoe being both centrally perforated to permit the entrance therein of the head 13 of the link member. This central opening or perforation in the companion button member, which opening is indicated at 23 (Fig. 5), is such a size that it permits either the entrance or the escape of the head 13 of the link when the two sides of the latter are com-20 pressed together as shown in Fig. 3, but prevents the escape thereof when the link is normally expanded as indicated in Fig. 4: The resiliency of the link is preferably such that it can be readily inserted into the socket 25 by forcing the head of the link into the opening 23 without need of manipulating the feet 15, or, in other words, the two members may be connected by a snap action. The shouldered portion 14 is preferably so 30 shaped, however, as to constitute a positive lock against the detachment of one button member from the other until the one is released from the other by positively pressing in the two radially projecting feet 15, but, if 35 desired, it may be beveled or so shaped as to permit the detachment of the one button member from the other by pulling them apart axially, or they may be so related one to the other that the pulling effort may have 40 to be assisted more or less by the simultaneous compression of the link.

If desired, the perforation in the socketcarrying member may be circular in form and the shanks 7 and 8 may be circular in 45 cross-section, but herein I have so shaped

these parts that the opening 23 is somewhat elliptical or elongated, and the shanks 7 and 8 are also of a flattened or elongated crosssection, thereby permitting one button a considerable range of swinging or tipping 50 movement with relation to the other while The shank 7 for the companion button the same are held (as indicated in Fig. 2) in member may be constructed similar to the attached relation. The flattened shanks 7 and 8 tend to prevent the buttons from turning in the cuffs and maintain the same angu- 55 lar relation between the two button members, thereby keeping the shouldered sides of the head 13 transverse to the elongated opening 23 and preventing the link from turning into such position within the open- 60 ing as to permit the head of the link to withdraw from the socket. If desired, however, the opening 23 may be circular and the shanks circular in cross-section, the parts so proportioned as to either permit a certain 65 amount of swinging movement or prevent the same, as desired.

While I have herein shown for the purpose of illustration one specific embodiment of the invention, it is to be understood that 70 the same is not limited to the mechanical details herein shown nor to the form nor relative arrangement of parts, but that extensive deviations may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention. 7.5

Claim:

A separable cuff link button comprising independent button members each having an outer head and a flanged inner head, the latter adapted to pass through the button holes 80 of the cuff and retain said member therein, and means for detachably securing the same together comprising a snap connection with means responsive to the pressure of the hand for releasing the same, said button members 85 when connected being susceptible of a rocking movement relatively one to the other.

In testimony whereof, I have signed my

name to this specification.

CHARLES D. LYONS.